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### FOR

# Senate Bill No. 522

(SENATORS OLIVERIO, PREZIOSO, PLYMALE, EDGELL, HUNTER, GUILLS, BOWMAN, ROWE AND LOVE, *original sponsors*)

[Passed March 16, 2003; to take effect July 1, 2003.]

AN ACT to amend and reenact section one, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended; to amend and reenact section four, article two of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-g; to amend and reenact section seven, article two-e of said chapter; to amend and reenact section one, article three of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections one and two, article four of said chapter; to further amend said article by adding thereto a new section, designated section six; to amend and reenact sections ten and eleven of said article; to amend and reenact sections one-a, one-c, four, seven, thirteen, fourteen, twenty-five and forty-five, article

five of said chapter; to amend and reenact sections two and five, article five-a of said chapter; and to amend and reenact section four, article eight of said chapter, all relating to public education generally; definitions; allowing state board president to serve an unlimited number of terms, but no more than two consecutive terms; requiring county boards to provide certain policies, summaries of any modifications to those policies and copies of annual reports to state board; requiring state board to submit copies of summaries and annual reports to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability; allowing, with state board approval, certain appropriations to be expended directly or through contractual agreements with county boards and regional education service agencies for materials and other costs associated with installation, set-up, internet hook-up and wiring of the computer hardware and software; clarifying that state superintendent serves at the will and pleasure of the state board; requiring the state board to annually evaluate the performance of the state superintendent and publicly announce the results of the evaluation; clarifying appointment of county superintendents; modifying authorization for county superintendent to transfer to a teaching position at the end of his or her term; extending the date before which the county superintendent is required to be appointed; requiring county superintendent to be a resident of the county, or of a contiguous county in this state, in which he or she serves; modifying requirements for permanent administrative certificate and county superintendent license; requiring state board to define three years of experience in management or supervision in rule; modifying health-related conditions of employment for county superintendents; providing for discontinuing or suspending employment of county superintendent under certain circumstances; requiring that county superintendents be evaluated at least annually; providing criteria for evaluation; providing for evaluation to take place in executive session; directing county board to release general statement to the public and provide additional information only by mutual consent of

county board and county superintendent; delineating authorized uses of evaluation results; allowing contract or written agreement to delineate a county superintendent acting as chief executive officer; removing county superintendent duty to organize and attend district institutes and organize and direct reading circles and boys' and girls' clubs; requiring county superintendent to report promptly to the county board whenever any school in the district appears to be failing to meet the standards for improving education; requiring county superintendent to keep county board apprised of certain issues in the district; removing requirement for county superintendent to direct the taking of school census: allowing county board members to serve on certain boards: allowing request of ethics commission for an advisory opinion; requiring ethics commission to issue advisory opinion within thirty days; entitling county board member who relies on opinion to reimbursement for attorney's fees and court costs incurred in certain proceedings; prohibiting vote cast from being invalidated due to subsequent finding that holding particular office or committee is a bar to membership on the board; providing that good faith reliance on a written advisory opinion is an absolute defense to certain civil suits or criminal prosecutions; requiring county board member training to include school performance issues; allowing feasible and practicable extension of training time; requiring annual county board self-assessment; specifying focus of evaluation instrument; requiring summary of evaluation to be made public; allowing county boards to meet in facilities within the county other than the county board office; authorizing lease of school property subject to certain requirements; clarifying county board authority to employ, contract with or otherwise engage legal counsel; including service personnel in job sharing arrangements; adding requirements for job sharing; limiting cost to retirement system; requiring filing of policies and summaries of policies that promote school board effectiveness; requiring annual meeting with a quorum of members from each local school improvement council; providing for meeting with less

than a quorum under certain circumstances; allowing county board to schedule additional meeting for any low performing school in the district; requiring county board to develop agenda for required annual meeting with local school improvement council; requiring certain items to be addressed; requiring county boards to make written requests for information from local school improvement councils throughout the year or hold community forums to receive input from the affected community as the county board considers necessary; modifying time requirements for reporting to state board on meetings with local school improvement councils; authorizing county board to request assistance from local school improvement council members to facilitate development of report; requiring county boards to review the policies to promote school board effectiveness each year; eliminating duty of county superintendent to make a tabular report to the county board annually; eliminating requirement that certain percentage of students be in attendance for a day to be considered instructional; including five instructional support and enhancement days within the instructional term that include instructional activities, professional activities and time for faculty senate meetings; requiring instructional activities for students to be scheduled by appointment; requiring school policy relating to use of time designated for instructional activities; providing that the presence of any certain number of students and the transportation of students is not required on instructional support and enhancement days; declaring instructional support and enhancement days a regular work day for all service personnel; providing that for one school year only, statewide assessment may not be prior to the fifteenth day of April; requiring professional development days to be used last when making up instructional days; allowing use of additional minutes of instruction each day for making up lost instructional days under certain circumstances; prohibiting more than one parent member of a local school improvement council from being employed at the school; requiring chair to appoint replacement of elected member of local school

improvement council if position becomes vacant; requiring principal to appoint replacement if appointed position becomes vacant; requiring principal to provide certain information at the organizational meeting of the local school improvement council; requiring local school improvement council chair, or designee, to be prepared to address certain matters at annual meeting and in writing; allowing state board to enter into contracts to provide orientation training for local school improvement council members; requiring that any training meet guidelines established by the state board; requiring emergency meetings of faculty senates to be held during noninstructional time; requiring a two-hour block of time be scheduled for a faculty senate meeting on a day scheduled for the opening of school prior to the beginning of the instructional term; requiring that a two-hour block of time be scheduled for a faculty senate meeting on each instructional support and enhancement day; and requiring state board rule excluding certain absences for accountability purposes.

#### Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That section one, article one, chapter eighteen of the code of West Virginia, one thousand nine hundred thirty-one, as amended, be amended and reenacted; that section four, article two of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section five-g; that section seven, article two-e of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that section one, article three of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections one and two, article four of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that said article be further amended by adding thereto a new section, designated section six; that sections ten and eleven of said article be amended and reenacted; that sections one-a, one-c, four, seven, thirteen, fourteen, twenty-five and forty-five, article five of said chapter be amended and reenacted; that sections two and five, article five-a of said chapter be amended and reenacted; and that section four, article eight of said chapter be amended and reenacted all to read as follows:

#### ARTICLE 1. DEFINITIONS; LIMITATIONS OF CHAPTER; GOALS FOR EDUCATION.

#### §18-1-1. Definitions.

1 The following words used in this chapter and in any 2 proceedings pursuant thereto shall, unless the context 3 clearly indicates a different meaning, be construed as 4 follows:

5 (a) "School" means the pupils and teacher or teachers6 assembled in one or more buildings, organized as a unit;

7 (b) "District" means county school district;

8 (c) "State board" means the West Virginia board of9 education;

10 (d) "County board" or "board" means the county board11 of education;

12 (e) "State superintendent" means the state superinten-13 dent of free schools;

(f) "County superintendent" or "superintendent" meansthe county superintendent of schools;

16 (g) "Teacher" means teacher, supervisor, principal, 17 superintendent or public school librarian; registered 18 professional nurse, licensed by the West Virginia board of 19 examiners for registered professional nurses and employed 20 by a county board of education, who has a baccalaureate 21 degree; or any other person regularly employed for in-22 structional purposes in a public school in this state;

(h) "Service personnel" means all nonteaching school
employees not included in the above definition of
"teacher";

26 (i) "Social worker" means a nonteaching school em27 ployee who, at a minimum, possesses an undergraduate
28 degree in social work from an accredited institution of
29 higher learning and who provides various professional

social work services, activities or methods as defined bythe state board for the benefit of students;

(j) "Regular full-time employee" means any person
employed by a county board of education who has a
regular position or job throughout his or her employment
term, without regard to hours or method of pay;

36 (k) "Career clusters" means broad groupings of related37 occupations;

(l) "Work-based learning" means a structured activity
that correlates with and is mutually supportive of the
school-based learning of the student and includes specific
objectives to be learned by the student as a result of the
activity;

(m) "School-age juvenile" means any individual who is
entitled to attend or who, if not placed in a residential
facility, would be entitled to attend public schools in
accordance with: (1) Section five, article two of this
chapter; (2) sections fifteen and eighteen, article five of
this chapter; or (3) section one, article twenty of this
chapter;

(n) "Student with a disability" means an exceptional
child, other than gifted, pursuant to section one, article
twenty of this chapter;

(o) "Low-density county" means a county whose ratio of
student population to square miles is less than or equal to
the state average ratio as computed by the state department of education;

(p) "High-density county" means a county whose ratio of
student population to square miles is greater than the state
average ratio as computed by the state department of
education; and

61 (q) "Casual deficit" means a deficit of not more than62 three percent of the approved levy estimate or a deficit63 that is nonrecurring from year to year.

#### ARTICLE 2. STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

# §18-2-4. Organization; appointment, compensation and duties of secretary.

1 At its first regular meeting in every year the state board 2 shall elect one of its members as president, who may serve an unlimited number of terms, but no more than two 3 consecutive terms, and one as vice president of the board. 4 5 The state superintendent shall be the chief executive 6 officer of the state board and, subject to its direction, shall 7 execute its policies. 8 The state board shall appoint a secretary and fix the

9 secretary's salary to be paid out of the general school fund10 upon warrants drawn by the state superintendent. The11 secretary shall keep a record of the proceedings of the

12 state board and shall perform such other duties as it may

13 prescribe.

# §18-2-5g. Duty to receive and submit summary of policy modifications and annual reports.

In addition to filing each policy as required by section 1 2 fourteen, article five of this chapter, the state board shall require each county board to provide a summary of any 3 modifications to the policies and copies of annual reports 4 developed pursuant to section fourteen, article five of this 5 chapter. The state board shall submit copies of these 6 7 summaries of modifications to the policies and annual reports, together with any comments and recommenda-8 9 tions, to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability, no later than the thirty-first day of Decem-10

11 ber of each year.

#### ARTICLE 2E. HIGH QUALITY EDUCATIONAL PROGRAMS.

# §18-2E-7. Providing for high quality basic skills development and remediation in all public schools.

- 1 (a) The Legislature finds that teachers must be provided
- 2 the support, assistance and teaching tools necessary to

3 meet individual student instructional needs on a daily 4 basis in a classroom of students who differ in learning styles, learning rates and in motivation to learn. The 5 6 Legislature further finds that attaining a solid foundation 7 in the basic skills of reading, composition and arithmetic is essential for advancement in higher education, occupa-8 9 tional and avocational pursuits and that computers are an effective tool for the teacher in corrective, remedial and 10 11 enrichment activities. Therefore, the state board shall develop a plan which specifies the resources to be used to 12 13provide services to students in the earliest grade level and 14 moving upward as resources become available based on a 15plan developed by each individual school team.

16 This plan must provide for standardization of computer hardware and software and for technology upgrade and 17 18 replacement for the purposes of achieving economies of 19 scale, facilitating teacher training, permitting the comparison of achievement of students in schools and counties 20utilizing the hardware and software and facilitating the 21repair of equipment and ensuring appropriate utilization 2223of the hardware and software purchased for remediation 24 and basic skills development.

The state board shall determine the computer hardware and software specifications after input from practicing teachers at the appropriate grade levels and with the assistance of education computer experts and the curriculum technology resource center.

30 Computer hardware and software shall be purchased either directly or through a lease-purchase arrangement 31 pursuant to the provisions of article three, chapter five-a 3233 of this code in the amount equal to anticipated revenues 34 being appropriated: Provided, That, with the approval of 35 the state board, the revenues appropriated may be expended directly or through contractual agreements with 36 37 county boards and regional education service agencies for materials and other costs associated with installation, set-38 39 up, internet hook-up and wiring of the computer hardware

40 and software: Provided, however, That nothing in this

section shall be construed to require any specific level offunding by the Legislature.

The state board shall develop and provide through the
state curriculum technology resource center a program to
ensure adequate teacher training, continuous teacher
support and updates.

47 To the extent practicable, such technology shall be 48 utilized to enhance student access to learning tools and 49 resources outside of the normal school day, such as: Before 50 and after school; in the evenings, on weekends and during 51 vacations; and for student use for homework, remedial 52 work, independent learning, career planning and adult 53 basic education.

54 (b) The Legislature finds that the continued implementa-55 tion of computer utilization under this section for high 56 quality basic skills development and remediation in the 57 middle schools, junior high schools and high schools is 58 necessary to meet the goal that high school graduates will 59 be prepared fully for college, other post-secondary educa-60 tion or gainful employment. Further, such implementation should provide a technology infrastructure at the middle 61 62schools, junior high schools and high schools that has multiple applications in enabling students to achieve at 63 64 higher academic levels. The technology infrastructure 65 should facilitate student development in the following 66 areas:

67 (1) Attaining basic computer skills such as word process68 ing, spreadsheets, data bases, internet usage, telecommuni69 cations and graphic presentations;

70 (2) Learning critical thinking and decision-making skills;

(3) Applying academic knowledge in real life situationsthrough simulated workplace programs;

(4) Understanding the modern workplace environment,
particularly in remote areas of the state, by bringing the
workplace to the school;

76 (5) Making informed career decisions based upon
77 information on labor markets and the skills required for
78 success in various occupations;

(6) Gaining access to labor markets and job placement;

80 (7) Obtaining information and assistance about college
81 and other post-secondary education opportunities and
82 financial aid; and

83 (8) Other uses for acquiring the necessary skills and
84 information to make a smooth transition from high school
85 to college, other post-secondary education or gainful
86 employment.

87 Therefore, the state board shall extend the plan as set 88 forth in subsection (a) of this section, and consistent with 89 the terms and conditions in said subsection, to address the 90 findings of this subsection regarding the continued 91 implementation of computer hardware and software and 92 technical planning support in the middle schools, junior 93 high schools and high schools of the state.

#### ARTICLE 3. STATE SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

# §18-3-1. Appointment; qualifications; compensation; traveling expenses; office and residence; evaluation.

1 There shall be appointed by the state board a state superintendent of schools who shall serve at the will and 2 pleasure of the state board. He or she shall be a person of 3 4 good moral character, of recognized ability as a school administrator, holding at least a master's degree in 5 6 educational administration, and shall have had not less 7 than five years of experience in public school work. He or she shall receive an annual salary set by the state board, to 8 be paid monthly: Provided, That the annual salary may not 9 exceed one hundred forty-six thousand one hundred 10

11 dollars. The state superintendent also shall receive 12necessary traveling expenses incident to the performance 13of his or her duties to be paid out of the general school fund upon warrants of the state auditor. The state super-14 intendent shall have his or her office at the state capitol. 15 16 The state board shall report to the legislative oversight commission on education accountability upon request 17 18 concerning its progress during any hiring process for a state superintendent. 19

20 The state board annually shall evaluate the performance

21 of the state superintendent and publicly announce the 22 results of the evaluation.

#### ARTICLE 4. COUNTY SUPERINTENDENT OF SCHOOLS.

#### §18-4-1. Election and term; interim superintendent.

(a) The county superintendent shall be appointed by the 1 2 board upon a majority vote of the members thereof to serve for a term of not less than one, nor more than four 3 years. At the expiration of the term or terms for which he 4 5 or she shall have been appointed, each county superintendent shall be eligible for reappointment for additional 6 terms of not less than one, nor more than four years: 7 *Provided*. That at the expiration of his or her term or 8 terms of service the county superintendent may transfer to 9 10 any teaching position in the county for which he or she is 11 qualified and has seniority, unless dismissed for statutory 12reasons. The appointment of the county superintendent shall be made on or before the first day of June for a term 13beginning on the first day of July following the appoint-14 15 ment.

(b) A county superintendent who fills a vacancy caused
by an incomplete term shall be appointed to serve until the
following first day of July: *Provided, however*, That the
board may appoint an interim county superintendent to
serve for a period not to exceed one hundred twenty days
from the occurrence of the vacancy.

(c) The president of the county board, immediately upon
the appointment of the county superintendent, or the
appointment of an interim county superintendent, shall
certify the appointment to the state superintendent.

(d) During his or her term of appointment, the county
superintendent shall be a resident of the county or of a
contiguous county in this state, which he or she serves.
The county superintendent in office on the effective date
of this section shall continue in office until the expiration
of his or her term.

# §18-4-2. Qualifications; health certificate; disability; acting superintendent.

(a) Each county superintendent shall hold a professional
 administrative certificate endorsed for superintendent, or
 a first class permit endorsed for superintendent, subject to
 the following:

5 (1) A superintendent who holds a first-class permit may 6 be appointed for one year only, and may be reappointed 7 two times for an additional year each upon an annual 8 evaluation by the county board and a determination of 9 satisfactory performance and reasonable progress toward 10 completion of the requirements for a professional adminis-11 trative certificate endorsed for superintendent;

12 (2) Any candidate for superintendent who possesses an earned doctorate from an accredited institution of higher 1314 education and either has completed three successful years 15 of teaching in public education or has the equivalent of 16 three years of experience in management or supervision as defined by state board rule, after employment by the 17 county board shall be granted a permanent administrative 18 19 certificate and shall be a licensed county superintendent;

(3) The state board shall promulgate a legislative rule in
accordance with article three-b, chapter twenty-nine-a of
this code to address those cases where a county board
finds that course work needed by the county superinten-

dent who holds a first-class permit is not available or is
not scheduled at state institutions of higher education in
a manner which will enable the county superintendent to
complete normal requirements for a professional administrative certificate within the three-year period allowed
under the permit; and

(4) Any person employed as assistant superintendent or
educational administrator prior to the twenty-seventh day
of June, one thousand nine hundred eighty-eight, and who
was previously employed as superintendent is not required
to hold the professional administrative certificate endorsed for superintendent.

36 (b) In addition to other requirements set forth in this
37 section, a county superintendent shall meet the following
38 health-related conditions of employment:

(1) Before entering upon the discharge of his or her
duties, file with the president of the county board a
certificate from a licensed physician certifying the following:

(A) A tuberculin skin test, of the type Mantoux test (PPD
skin test), approved by the director of the department of
health, has been made within four months prior to the
beginning of the term of the county superintendent; and

47 (B) The county superintendent does not have tuberculo48 sis in a communicable state based upon the test results and
49 any further study;

50 (2) After completion of the initial test, the county 51 superintendent shall have an approved tuberculin skin test 52 once every two years or more frequently if medically 53 indicated. Positive reactors to the skin test are to be 54 referred immediately to a physician for evaluation and 55 indicated treatment or further studies;

56 (3) A county superintendent who is certified by a li-57 censed physician to have tuberculosis in a communicable stage shall have his or her employment discontinued orsuspended until the disease has been arrested and is nolonger communicable; and

61 (4) A county superintendent who fails to complete
62 required follow-up examinations as set forth in this
63 subsection shall be suspended from employment until a
64 report of examination is confirmed.

#### §18-4-6. Evaluation of county superintendent.

(a) At least annually, the county board shall evaluate the
 performance of the county superintendent. The evaluation
 process to be used shall be one authorized by the state
 board. The West Virginia school board association shall
 maintain a catalog of evaluation instruments which
 comply with this section and shall make them available to
 county boards.

8 (b) At a minimum, the evaluation process shall require the county superintendent and county board to establish 9 written goals or objectives for the county superintendent 10 to accomplish within a given period of time. Additionally, 11 12the county board shall evaluate the county superintendent 13on his or her success in improving student achievement 14 generally across the county and specifically as it relates to 15 the management and administration of low performing 16 schools.

(c) The evaluation also may cover the performance of a
county superintendent in the areas of community relations,
school finance, personnel relations, curricular standards
and programs and overall leadership of the school district
as indicated primarily by improvements in student
achievement, testing and assessment.

(d) The evaluation of a county superintendent shall occur
in executive session. At the conclusion of the evaluation,
the county board shall make available to the public a
general statement about the evaluation process and the
overall result. Additional information about the evalua-

28 tion may be released only by mutual consent of the county

- 29 superintendent and the county board. The county board
- 30 may use the evaluation results to determine:
- 31 (1) Whether to extend the contract of the county superin-32 tendent;
- 33 (2) Whether to offer the county superintendent a new34 contract; and

35 (3) The level of compensation or benefits to offer the 36 county superintendent in any new or extended contract.

# §18-4-10. Duties of county superintendent.

1 The county superintendent shall:

(1) Act as the chief executive officer of the county board
as may be delineated in his or her contract or other written
agreement with the county board, and, under the direction
of the state board, execute all its education policies;

6 (2) Nominate all personnel to be employed; in case the 7 county board refuses to employ any or all of the persons 8 nominated, the county superintendent shall nominate 9 others and submit the same to the county board at a time 10 the county board may direct. No person or persons shall 11 be employed except on the nomination of the county 12 superintendent;

(3) Assign, transfer, suspend or promote teachers and all
other school employees of the district, subject only to the
approval of the county board, and to recommend to the
county board their dismissal pursuant to the provisions of
this chapter;

(4) Report promptly to the county board in such manner
as it directs whenever any school in the district appears to
be failing to meet the standards for improving education
established pursuant to section five, article two-e of this
chapter;

(5) Close a school temporarily when conditions aredetrimental to the health, safety or welfare of the pupils;

(6) Certify all expenditures and monthly payrolls ofteachers and employees;

(7) Serve as the secretary of the county board and attend
all meetings of the county board or its committees, except
when the tenure, salary or administration of the county
superintendent is under consideration;

(8) Administer oaths and examine witnesses under oath
in any proceedings pertaining to the schools of the district
and have the testimony reduced to writing;

34 (9) Keep the county board apprised continuously of any issues that affect the county board or its schools, programs 35 and initiatives. The county superintendent shall report to 36 the county board on these issues using any appropriate 37 means agreeable to both parties. When practicable, the 38 39 reports shall be fashioned to include a broad array of data and information that the county board may consult to aid 40 41 in making decisions;

42 (10) Exercise all other authority granted by this chapter43 or required by the county board or state board; and

44 (11) In case of emergency, act as the best interests of the 45 school demand. An emergency, as contemplated in this section, is limited to an unforeseeable, catastrophic event 46 including natural disaster or act of war and nothing in this 47 section may be construed as granting the county superin-48 tendent authority to override any statutory or constitu-49 tional provision in the exercise of his or her emergency 50 power except where such authority is specifically granted 51 in the particular code section. 52

# §18-4-11. Other powers and duties.

1 The county superintendent shall:

2 (1) Visit the schools as often as practicable; observe and

3 make suggestions concerning the instruction and class-

4 room management of the schools and their sanitary5 conditions;

6 (2) Report to the county board cases of incompetence,
7 neglect of duty, immorality or misconduct in office of any
8 teacher or employee;

9 (3) Recommend for condemnation buildings unfit for 10 school use;

(4) Call, at his or her discretion, conferences of principals
and teachers to discuss the work of the schools of the
district;

(5) Report to the county board the progress and generalcondition of the schools;

(6) Make reports as required by the state superintendent. In case the county superintendent fails to report as
required, the state superintendent may direct that the
salary of the county superintendent be withheld until an
acceptable report is received; and

(7) Perform all other duties prescribed in this chapteror required by the county board or the state board.

# ARTICLE 5. COUNTY BOARD OF EDUCATION.

#### §18-5-1a. Eligibility of Members; training requirements.

(a) No person shall be eligible for membership on any
county board who is not a citizen, resident in such
county, or who accepts a position as teacher or service
personnel in the school district in which he or she is a
resident or who is an elected or an appointed member of
any political party executive committee, or who becomes
a candidate for any other office than to succeed oneself.

8 (b) No member or member-elect of any board shall be 9 eligible for nomination, election or appointment to any 10 public office, other than to succeed oneself, or for 11 election or appointment as a member of any political 12 party executive committee, unless and until after that

membership on the board, or his status as member-elect 1314 to the board, has been terminated at or before the time of his filing for such nomination for, or appointment to, 15 such public office or committee: *Provided*, That "office" 16 or "committee", as used in this subsection and subsection .17 (a) of this section, does not include service on any board, 18 19 elected or appointed, profit or non profit, for which the 20person does not receive compensation and whose primary scope is not related to the public schools. 21

22(c) A member or member elect of a county board, or a 23person desiring to become a member of a county board, 24 may make a written request to the West Virginia ethics 25commission for an advisory opinion on whether another 26elected or appointed position held or sought by the 27person is an office or public office which would bar 28 serving on the board pursuant to subsections (a) and (b) 29of this section. Within thirty days of receipt of the request, the ethics commission shall issue a written 30 advisory opinion in response to the request and shall also 31 publish such opinion in a manner which to the fullest 32 extent possible does not reveal the identity of the person 33 34 making the request. Any county board member who 35 relied in good faith upon an advisory opinion issued by 36 the West Virginia ethics commission that holding a 37 particular office or public office is not a bar from membership on a county board of education and against 38 whom proceedings are subsequently brought for removal 39 from the county board on the basis of holding such office 40 41 or offices shall be entitled to reimbursement by the 42 county board for reasonable attorney's fees and court 43 costs incurred by the member in defending against such 44 proceedings, regardless of the outcome of the proceed-45 ings. Further, no vote cast by the member at a meeting 46 of the board shall be invalidated due to a subsequent 47 finding that holding the particular office or public is a bar to membership on the county board. Good faith re-48 liance on a written advisory opinion of the West Virginia 49 50 ethics commission that a particular office or public office

51 is not a bar to membership on a county board of educa-

52  $\,$  tion is an absolute defense to any civil suit or criminal  $\,$ 

53 prosecution arising from any proper action taken within

- 54~ the scope of membership on the board, becoming a mem-
- 55 ber elect of the board or seeking election to the board.

56(d) Any person who is elected or appointed to a county board on or after the fifth day of May, one thousand nine 57 58 hundred ninety-two, shall possess at least a high school diploma or a general educational development (GED) 59 diploma: *Provided*, That this provision shall not apply to 60 members or members-elect who have taken office prior 61 to the fifth day of May, one thousand nine hundred 62 63 ninety-two, and who serve continuously therefrom.

64 (e) No person elected to a county board after the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred ninety, shall 65 assume the duties of board member unless he or she has 66 first attended and completed a course of orientation 67 68 relating to boardsmanship and governance effectiveness which shall be given between the date of election and the 69 beginning of the member's term of office: *Provided*, That 70 a portion or portions of subsequent training such as that 71 offered in orientation may be provided to members after 72 73they have commenced their term of office: Provided, 74however, That attendance at the session of orientation 75 given between the date of election and the beginning of 76 the member's term of office shall permit such member or 77 members to assume the duties of board member, as 78 specified in this section. Members appointed to the board shall attend and complete the next such course 79 80 offered following their appointment: Provided further, 81 That the provisions of this section relating to orientation 82 shall not apply to members who have taken office prior to the first day of July, one thousand nine hundred 83 eighty-eight, and who serve continuously therefrom. 84

(f) Commencing on the effective date of this section,
members shall annually receive seven clock hours of
training in areas relating to boardsmanship, governance

88 effectiveness, and school performance issues including, but not limited to, pertinent state and federal statutes 89 such as the "Process for Improving Education" set forth 90 in section five, article two-e of this chapter and the "No 91 Child Left Behind Act" and their respective administra-92 93 tive rules. Such orientation and training shall be approved by the state board and conducted by the West 94 Virginia school board association or other organization 95 or organizations approved by the state board: *Provided*, 96 97 That the state board may exclude time spent in training 98 on school performance issues from the requisite seven 99 hours herein required: Provided, however, That if the 100 state board elects to exclude time spent in training on 101 school performance issues from the requisite seven hours, 102such training shall be limited by the state board to a 103feasible and practicable amount of time. Failure to 104 attend and complete such an approved course of orienta-105tion and training relating to boardsmanship and gover-106 nance effectiveness without good cause as determined by 107 legislative rules of the state board shall constitute 108 neglect of duty.

109 (g) In the final year of any four-year term of office, a 110 member shall satisfy the annual training requirement before the first day of January. The state board shall 111 112 petition the circuit court of Kanawha County to remove any county board member who has failed to or who 113 114 refuses to attend and complete the approved course of orientation and training. If the county board member 115fails to show good cause for not attending the approved 116 117 course of orientation and training, the court shall remove 118 the member from office.

#### §18-5-1c. Organization of board; evaluation.

(a) On the first Monday of July following each biennial
 primary election, each respective county board shall
 organize and shall elect a president from its own mem bership for a two-year term. The county board shall

5 report promptly to the state superintendent the name of6 the member elected as county board president.

7 (b) Annually, each county board shall assess its own performance using an instrument approved by the state 8 board. In developing or making determinations on 9 approving evaluation instruments, the state board may 10 consult with the West Virginia school board association 11 or other appropriate organizations. The evaluation 12 instrument selected shall focus on the effectiveness of the 13 14 county board in the following areas:

(1) Dealing with its various constituency groups andwith the general public;

17 (2) Providing a proper framework and the governance18 strategies necessary to monitor and approve student19 achievement on a continuing basis; and

20 (3) Enhancing the effective utilization of the policy21 approach to governance.

At the conclusion of the evaluation, the county board
shall make available to the public a summary of the
evaluation, including areas in which the board concludes
improvement is warranted.

# §18-5-4. Meetings; employment and assignment of teachers; budget hearing; compensation of members; affiliation with state and national associations.

(a) The county board shall meet on the first Monday in 1 2 July, and upon the dates provided by law for the laying of levies, and at any other times the county board fixes 3 upon its records. Subject to adequate public notice, 4 nothing herein shall prohibit the county board from 5 conducting regular meetings in facilities within the 6 county other than the county board office. At any 7 meeting as authorized in this section and in compliance 8 with the provisions of article four of this chapter, the 9 county board may employ qualified teachers, or those 10

who will qualify by the time they enter upon their duties, 11 necessary to fill existing or anticipated vacancies for the 12 current or next ensuing school year. At a meeting of the 13 county board, on or before the first Monday in May, the 14 county superintendent shall furnish in writing to the 15 16 county board a list of those teachers to be considered for transfer and subsequent assignment for the next ensuing 17 school year. All other teachers not listed are considered 18 as reassigned to the positions held at the time of this 19meeting. The list of those recommended for transfer 2021shall be included in the minute record and the teachers listed shall be notified in writing. The notice shall be 22 delivered in writing, by certified mail, return receipt 2324 requested, to the teachers' last known addresses within 25ten days following the board meeting, of their having 26been recommended for transfer and subsequent assign-27ment.

(b) Special meetings may be called by the president or
any three members, but no business may be transacted
other than that designated in the call.

31(c) In addition, a public hearing shall be held concern-32 ing the preliminary operating budget for the next fiscal 33 year not fewer than ten days after the budget has been made available to the public for inspection and within a 34 reasonable time prior to the submission of the budget to 35 the state board for approval. Reasonable time shall be 36 37 granted at the hearing to any person who wishes to speak regarding any part of the budget. Notice of the hearing 38 shall be published as a Class I legal advertisement in 39 compliance with the provisions of article three, chapter 40 fifty-nine of this code. 41

42 (d) A majority of the members of the county board43 constitutes the quorum necessary for the transaction of44 official business.

45 (e) Board members may receive compensation at a rate46 not to exceed one hundred sixty dollars per meeting

47 attended, but they may not receive pay for more than 48 fifty meetings in any one fiscal year. Board members who serve on an administrative council of a multicounty 49 50 vocational center also may receive compensation for 51 attending up to twelve meetings of the council at the same rate as for meetings of the county board. Meetings 5253 of the council are not counted as board meetings for purposes of determining the limit on compensable board 54 55 meetings.

(f) Members also shall be paid, upon the presentation
of an itemized sworn statement, for all necessary traveling expenses, including all authorized meetings, incurred
on official business, at the order of the county board.

60 (g) When, by a majority vote of its members, a county board considers it a matter of public interest, the county 61 board may join the West Virginia school board associa-62 63 tion and the national school board association and may 64 pay the dues prescribed by the associations and approved 65 by action of the respective county boards. Membership dues and actual traveling expenses incurred by board 66 members for attending meetings of the West Virginia 67 school board association may be paid by their respective 68 county boards out of funds available to meet actual 69 70expenses of the members, but no allowance may be made except upon sworn itemized statements. 71

§18-5-7. Sale of school property at public auction; rights of grantor of lands in rural communities; oil and gas leases; disposition of proceeds; lease of school property.

(a) Except as set forth in subsection (b) of this section,
 if at any time a county board determines that any
 building or any land is no longer needed for school
 purposes, the county board may sell, dismantle, remove
 or relocate the building and sell the land on which it is
 located at public auction, after proper notice and on such
 terms as it orders, to the highest responsible bidder.

8 (b) Notwithstanding the provisions of subsection (a) of 9 this section, in rural communities, the grantor of the lands or his or her heirs or assigns has the right to 10 11 purchase at the sale, the land, exclusive of the buildings 12 on the land and the mineral rights, at the same price for 13which it was originally sold: *Provided*, That the sale to the board was not a voluntary arms length transaction 14 for valuable consideration approximating the fair 15 16 market value of the property at the time of the sale to the board: Provided, however, That the provisions of this 17 18 section may not operate to invalidate any provision of the deed to the contrary. 19

20 (c) The county board, by the same method set forth in 21 subsection (a) of this section for the sale of school 22buildings and lands, may, in lieu of offering the property 23for sale, enter into a lease for oil or gas or other minerals 24any lands or school sites owned in fee by it. The pro-25ceeds of the sales and rentals shall be placed to the credit 26of the fund or funds of the district as the county board 27 may direct.

28 (d) The county board may make any sale of property subject to the provision that all liability for hazards 2930 associated with the premises are to be assumed by the purchaser. In any sale by the county board of improved 3132 property in which the actual consideration is less than ten thousand dollars or in any sale of unimproved 33 property in which the actual consideration is less than 34 35 one thousand dollars, the county board shall make any sale of property subject to the provision that all liability 36 37 for hazards associated with the premises are to be 38 assumed by the purchaser. The county board shall 39 inform any prospective purchaser of known or suspected 40 hazards associated with the property.

(e) Except as provided by the provisions of subsection
(b) of this section, where a county board determines that
any school property is no longer needed for school
purposes, the county board may, upon determining that

45 it will serve the best interests of the school system and 46 the community, offer the property for lease. The procedure set forth in subsection (a) of this section relating to 47 48 sale of school buildings and lands shall apply to leasing the school property. Any lease authorized by the provi-49 sions of this subsection shall be in writing. The writing 50 shall include a recitation of all known or reasonably 5152suspected hazards associated with the property, an 53 assumption by the lessee of all liability related to all hazards, whether disclosed or not, and provisions 54 55 wherein the lessee assumes all liability for any actions 56 arising from the property during the term of the lease.

57 (f) Notwithstanding any provision of this section to the 58 contrary, the provisions of this section concerning sale or lease at public auction may not apply to a county board 59 60 selling, leasing or otherwise disposing of its property for a public use to the state of West Virginia, or its political 61 subdivisions, including county commissions, for an 62 adequate consideration without considering alone the 63 present commercial or market value of the property. 64

#### §18-5-13. Authority of boards generally.

Each county board, subject to the provisions of this
 chapter and the rules of the state board, has the author ity:

4 (a) To control and manage all of the schools and school interests for all school activities and upon all school 5 property, whether owned or leased by the county, 6 7 including the authority to require that records be kept of 8 all receipts and disbursements of all funds collected or 9 received by any principal, teacher, student or other person in connection with the schools and school inter-10 ests, any programs, activities or other endeavors of any 11 12nature operated or carried on by or in the name of the 13 school, or any organization or body directly connected with the school, to audit the records and to conserve the 14 15 funds, which shall be considered quasipublic moneys,

16 including securing surety bonds by expenditure of board17 moneys;

(b) To establish schools, from preschool through high
school, inclusive of vocational schools; and to establish
schools, programs or both, for post-high school instruction, subject to approval of the state board;

22(c) To close any school which is unnecessary and to 23assign the pupils of the school to other schools: Provided, That the closing shall be officially acted upon, and 24teachers and service personnel involved notified on or 2526before the first Monday in April, in the same manner as 27provided in section four of this article, except in an 28 emergency, subject to the approval of the state superin-29tendent, or under subdivision (e) of this section;

30 (d) To consolidate schools;

(e) To close any elementary school whose average daily
attendance falls below twenty pupils for two months in
succession and send the pupils to other schools in the
district or to schools in adjoining districts. If the teachers in the closed school are not transferred or reassigned
to other schools, they shall receive one month's salary;

37 (f) (1) To provide at public expense adequate means of 38 transportation, including transportation across county lines for students whose transfer from one district to 39 another is agreed to by both county boards as reflected 40 41 in the minutes of their respective meetings, for all children of school age who live more than two miles 42 43 distance from school by the nearest available road; to provide at public expense, according to such rules as the 44 board may establish, adequate means of transportation 45 for school children participating in county board-ap-46 proved curricular and extracurricular activities; to 47 48 provide at public expense, by rules and within the available revenues, transportation for those within two 49 miles distance; and to provide, at no cost to the county 50

board and according to rules established by the board,
transportation for participants in projects operated,
financed, sponsored or approved by the commission on
aging, all subject to the following:

(A) All costs and expenses incident in any way to
transportation for projects connected with the commission on aging shall be borne by the commission or the
local or county chapter of the commission;

(B) In all cases, the school buses owned by the county
board shall be driven or operated only by drivers regularly employed by the county board;

62 (C) The county board may provide, under rules established by the state board, for the certification of profes-63 sional employees as drivers of county board-owned 64 vehicles with a seating capacity of less than ten passen-65 66 gers used for the transportation of pupils for schoolsponsored activities other than transporting students 67 between school and home. The use of the vehicles shall 68 be limited to one for each school-sponsored activity; and 69

(D) Buses shall be used for extracurricular activities as
provided in this section only when the insurance provided for by this section is in effect;

(2) To enter into agreements with one another as
reflected in the minutes of their respective meetings to
provide, on a cooperative basis, adequate means of
transportation across county lines for children of school
age subject to the conditions and restrictions of this
subsection and subsection (h) of this section;

(g) (1) To lease school buses operated only by drivers
regularly employed by the county board to public and
private nonprofit organizations or private corporations
to transport school-age children to and from camps or
educational activities in accordance with rules established by the county board. All costs and expenses

85 incurred by or incidental to the transportation of the86 children shall be borne by the lessee;

87 (2) To contract with any college or university or 88 officially recognized campus organizations to provide transportation for college or university students, faculty 89 or staff to and from the college or university. Only 90 91 college and university students, faculty and staff may be transported pursuant to this section. The contract shall 92 include consideration and compensation for bus opera-93 tors, repairs and other costs of service, insurance and any 94 rules concerning student behavior; 95

96 (h) To provide at public expense for insurance against
97 the negligence of the drivers of school buses, trucks or
98 other vehicles operated by the board; and if the transpor99 tation of pupils is contracted, then the contract for the
100 transportation shall provide that the contractor shall
101 carry insurance against negligence in an amount speci102 fied by the board;

(i) To provide solely from county board funds for all
regular full-time employees of the county board all or
any part of the cost of a group plan or plans of insurance
coverage not provided or available under the West
Virginia public employees insurance act;

108 (j) To employ teacher aides, to provide in-service training for teacher aides, the training to be in accor-109 dance with rules of the state board and, in the case of 110 111 service personnel assuming duties as teacher aides in exceptional children programs, to provide a four-clock-112hour program of training prior to the assignment which 113shall, in accordance with rules of the state board, consist 114 115 of training in areas specifically related to the education 116 of exceptional children;

(k) To establish and conduct a self-supporting dormi-tory for the accommodation of the pupils attending ahigh school or participating in a post high school pro-

120 gram and of persons employed to teach in the high school121 or post high school program;

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(1) At the board's discretion, to employ, contract with
or otherwise engage legal counsel in lieu of utilizing the
prosecuting attorney to advise, attend to, bring, prosecute or defend, as the case may be, any matters, actions,
suits and proceedings in which the board is interested;

127 (m) To provide appropriate uniforms for school service128 personnel;

(n) To provide at public expense and under rules as
established by any county board for the payment of
traveling expenses incurred by any person invited to
appear to be interviewed concerning possible employment by the county board;

(o) To allow or disallow their designated employees to
use publicly provided carriage to travel from their
residences to their workplace and return: *Provided*, That
the usage is subject to the supervision of the county
board and is directly connected with and required by the
nature and in the performance of the employee's duties
and responsibilities;

141 (p) To provide, at public expense, adequate public
142 liability insurance, including professional liability
143 insurance for county board employees;

(q) To enter into agreements with one another to
provide, on a cooperative basis, improvements to the
instructional needs of each district. The cooperative
agreements may be used to employ specialists in a field
of academic study or support functions or services, for
the academic study. The agreements are subject to
approval by the state board;

(r) To provide information about vocational or higher
education opportunities to students with handicapping
conditions. The county board shall provide in writing to

154 the students and their parents or guardians information 155 relating to programs of vocational education and to 156 programs available at state funded institutions of higher 157 education. The information may include sources of 158 available funding, including grants, mentorships and 159 loans for students who wish to attend classes at institu-160 tions of higher education;

(s) To enter into agreements with one another, with the
approval of the state board, for the transfer and receipt
of any and all funds determined to be fair when students
are permitted or required to attend school in a district
other than the district of their residence; and

(t) To enter into job-sharing arrangements, as defined
in section one, article one, chapter eighteen-a of this
code, with its employees, subject to the following provisions:

(1) A job-sharing arrangement shall meet all the
requirements relating to posting, qualifications and
seniority, as provided for in article four, chapter
eighteen-a of this code;

(2) Notwithstanding any provisions of this code or 174 175legislative rule and specifically the provisions of article 176 sixteen, chapter five of this code to the contrary, a 177 county board which enters into a job-sharing arrange-178 ment in which two or more employees voluntarily share 179 an authorized full-time position shall provide the 180 mutually agreed upon employee coverage but shall not 181 offer insurance coverage to more than one of the job-182 sharing employees, including any group plan or group plans available under the state public employees insur-183 184 ance act:

(3) Each job-sharing agreement shall be in writing on
a form prescribed and furnished by the county board.
The agreement shall designate specifically one employee
only who is entitled to the insurance coverage. Any

189 employee who is not so designated is not eligible for state
190 public employees insurance coverage regardless of the
191 number of hours he or she works;

(4) All employees involved in the job-sharing agreement meet the requirements of subdivision (3), section
two, article sixteen, chapter five of this code; and

195 (5) When entering into a job sharing agreement, the 196 county board and the employees involved in the job-197sharing agreement shall consider issues such as retirement benefits, termination of the job sharing agreement 198 199 and any other issue the parties to the agreement consider 200appropriate. Any provision in the agreement relating to retirement benefits shall not cause any cost to be in-201 202curred by the retirement system that is more than the cost that would be incurred if a single employee were 203 204filling the position.

"Quasipublic funds" as used in this section means any
money received by any principal, teacher, student or
other person for the benefit of the school system as a
result of curricular or noncurricular activities.

Each county board shall expend under rules it establishes for each child an amount not to exceed the proportion of all school funds of the district that each child would be entitled to receive if all the funds were distributed equally among all the children of school age in the district upon a per capita basis.

#### §18-5-14. Policies to promote school board effectiveness.

1 (a) No later than the first day of August, two thousand 2 three, each county board shall adopt and file with the 3 state board copies of policies and summaries of policies that promote school board effectiveness. These policies 4 may be modified by the county board as necessary, but 5 shall be refiled with the state board following each 6 7 modification. The policies shall address the following objectives: 8

9 (1) Establishing direct links between the county board 10 and its local school improvement councils and between the county board and its faculty senates for the purpose 11 12of enabling the county board to receive information, 13 comments and suggestions directly from the councils and 14 faculty senates regarding the broad guidelines for 15 oversight procedures, standards of accountability and planning for future needs as required by this section. To 16 further development of these linkages, each county board 17 18 shall.

19 (A) Meet at least annually with a quorum of members 20from each local school improvement council in the 21district, at a time and in a manner to be determined by 22the county board, except, in order to facilitate schedul-23ing, the county board may adopt an alternate procedure 24 allowing it to conduct the required annual meeting with 25each council in the absence of a quorum of council 26members if the alternate procedure has received prior 27approval from the state board and if the school district 28 serves more than twenty thousand students or has more 29than twelve public schools.

Nothing in this section prohibits a county board from
meeting with representatives of a local school improvement council, but at least one annual meeting shall be
held, as specified in this section.

At any time and with reasonable advance notice,
county boards may schedule additional meetings with
the council for any low performing school in the district;

(B) At least thirty days before an annual meeting with
each local school improvement council, develop and
submit to the council an agenda for the annual meeting
which requires the council chair or a member designated
by the chair, to address items designated by the county
board from the report created pursuant to this section,
and one or more of the following issues:

44 (i) School performance;

45 (ii) Curriculum;

46 (iii) Status of the school in meeting the unified school
47 improvement plan established pursuant to section five,
48 article two-e of this chapter; and

49 (iv) Status of the school in meeting the county plan
50 established pursuant to section five, article two-e of this
51 chapter;

52 (C) Make written requests for information from the 53 local school improvement council throughout the year or 54 hold community forums to receive input from the af-55 fected community as the county board considers neces-56 sary; and

57 (D) Report details to the state board concerning the 58 meeting or meetings held with councils, as specified in 59 this section. The information shall be provided to the state board at the conclusion of the school year, but no 60 later than the first day of September of each year, and 61 shall become an indicator in the performance accredita-62tion process for each county. In order to facilitate 63 development of this report, a county board may consult 64 with and request assistance from members of the coun-65 66 cils.

67 (2) Providing for the development of direct links
68 between the county board and the community at large
69 allowing for community involvement at regular county
70 board meetings and specifying how the county board will
71 communicate regularly with the public regarding impor72 tant issues;

73 (3) Providing for the periodic review of personnel
74 policies of the district in order to determine their effec75 tiveness;

(4) Setting broad guidelines for the school district,including the establishment of specific oversight proce-

dures, development and implementation of standards ofaccountability and development of long-range plans to

80 meet future needs as required by this section; and

81 (5) Using school-based accreditation and performance
82 data provided by the state board and other available
83 data in county board decisionmaking to meet the educa84 tion goals of the state and other goals as the county
85 board may establish.

(b) On or before the first day of August of each year,
county school boards shall review the policies listed in
subsection (a) of this section and may modify these
policies as necessary.

# §18-5-25. Duties of superintendent as secretary of board.

1 The county superintendent as secretary of the board 2 shall:

3 (1) Take the oath prescribed in the constitution before4 performing any of the duties of his office;

5 (2) Attend all board meetings and record its official6 proceedings in a book kept for that purpose;

7 (3) Record the number of each order issued the name of
8 the payee, the purpose for which the order was issued
9 and the amount thereof. Every order shall be signed by
10 the secretary and the president of the board;

(4) Care for and keep all papers belonging to the board,
including evidences of title, contracts and obligations.
They shall be kept in the secretary's office, accessibly
arranged for reference;

(5) Record and keep on file all papers and documentspertaining to the business of the board;

(6) Keep the accounts and certify the reports requiredby law or requested by the board;
19 (7) Administer oaths to school officers, teachers and20 others making reports;

(8) Deliver in proper condition to his successor allrecords and property pertaining to his office; and

23 (9) Exercise such other duties as are prescribed by law.

# §18-5-45. School calendar.

(a) As used in this section, the following terms have the
 following meanings:

3 (1) "Instructional day" means a day within the instruc-4 tional term which meets the following criteria:

5 (A) Instruction is offered to students for the amounts of6 time provided by state board rule;

7 (B) Instructional time is used for instruction,
8 cocurricular activities and approved extracurricular
9 activities and pursuant to the provisions of subdivision
10 (12), subsection (b), section five, article five-a of this
11 chapter, faculty senates; and

12 (C) Such other criteria as the state board determines13 appropriate.

(2) "Bank time" means time added beyond the required
instructional day which may be accumulated and used in
larger blocks of time during the school year for instructional or noninstructional activities, as further defined
by the state board.

(3) "Extracurricular activities" are activities under the
supervision of the school such as athletics,
noninstructional assemblies, social programs, entertainment and other similar activities, as further defined by
the state board.

24 (4) "Cocurricular activities" are activities that are25 closely related to identifiable academic programs or

areas of study that serve to complement academiccurricula as further defined by the state board.

28 (b) Findings. –

(1) The primary purpose of the school system is toprovide instruction for students.

(2) The school calendar, as defined in this section, isdesigned to define the school term both for employeesand for instruction.

(3) The school calendar traditionally has provided for
one hundred eighty actual days of instruction but
numerous circumstances have combined to cause the
actual number of instructional days to be less than one
hundred eighty.

39 (4) The quality and amount of instruction offered
40 during the instructional term is affected by the extracur41 ricular and cocurricular activities allowed to occur
42 during scheduled instructional time.

43 (5) Within reasonable guidelines, the school calendar44 should be designed at least to guarantee that one hun-45 dred eighty actual days of instruction are possible.

46 (c) The county board shall provide a school term for its47 schools that contains the following:

48 (1) An employment term for teachers of no less than
49 two hundred days, exclusive of Saturdays and Sundays;
50 and

51 (2) Within the employment term, an instructional term
52 for students of no less than one hundred eighty separate
53 instructional days.

(d) The instructional term for students shall include,
one instructional day in each of the months of October,
December, February, April and June which is an instructional support and enhancement day scheduled by the

board to include both instructional activities for students 58 59 and professional activities for teachers to improve 60 student instruction. The instructional activities for students may include, but are not limited to, both in-61 62 school and outside of school activities such as student 63 mentoring, tutoring, counseling, student research and 64 other projects or activities of an instructional nature, community service, career exploration, parent and 65 66 teacher conferences, visits to the homes of students, college and financial aid workshops and college visits. 67 The instructional activities for students shall be deter-68 mined and scheduled at the local school level. The first 69 two hours of the instructional day shall be used for 70 71instructional activities for students which require the 72direct supervision or involvement by teachers, and such 73 activities shall be limited to two hours. To ensure that 74the students who attend are properly supervised, the 75 instructional activities for students shall be arranged by 76 appointment with the individual school through the 77 principal, a teacher or other professional personnel at the 78 school. The school shall establish a policy relating to the 79 use of the two-hour block scheduled for instructional 80 activities for students. The professional activities for teachers shall include a two-hour block of time immedi-81 ately following the first two hours of instructional 82 activities for students during which the faculty senate 83 shall have the opportunity to meet. Any time not used by 84 85 the faculty senate and the remainder of the school day, 86 not including the duty free lunch period, shall be used 87 for other professional activities for teachers to improve 88 student instruction which may include, but are not 89 limited to, professional staff development, curriculum 90 team meetings, individualized education plan meetings and other meetings between teachers, principals, aides 91 92 and paraprofessionals to improve student instruction as determined and scheduled at the local school level. 93 Notwithstanding any other provision of law or policy to 94 the contrary, the presence of any specific number of 95

96 students in attendance at the school for any specific period of time shall not be required on instructional 97 98 support and enhancement days and the transportation of 99 students to the school shall not be required. Instruc-100 tional support and enhancement days are also a sched-101 uled work day for all service personnel and shall be used 102for training or other tasks related to their job classifica-103tion if their normal duties are not required. 104 (e) The instructional term shall commence no earlier 105 than the twenty-sixth day of August and terminate no 106 later than the eighth day of June.

(f) Noninstructional days shall total twenty and shallbe comprised of the following:

109 (1) Seven holidays as specified in section two, article110 five, chapter eighteen-a of this code;

(2) Election day as specified in section two, article five,chapter eighteen-a of this code;

(3) Six days to be designated by the county board to be
used by the employees outside the school environment;
and

(4) Six days to be designated by the county board forany of the following purposes:

- 118 (A) Curriculum development;
- (B) Preparation for opening and closing school;
- 120 (C) Professional development;
- 121 (D) Teacher-pupil-parent conferences;
- 122 (E) Professional meetings; and

(F) Making up days when instruction was scheduledbut not conducted.

(g) Three of the days described in subdivision (4),subsection (f) of this section shall be scheduled prior to

127 the twenty-sixth day of August for the purposes of128 preparing for the opening of school and staff develop-129 ment.

(h) At least one of the days described in subdivision (4),
subsection (f) of this section shall be scheduled after the
eighth day of June for the purpose of preparing for the
closing of school. If one hundred eighty separate instruction days occur prior to the eighth day of June, this day
may be scheduled on or before the eighth day of June.

(i) At least four of the days described in subdivision (3),
subsection (f) of this section shall be scheduled after the
first day of March.

(j) At least two of the days described in subdivision (4),
subsection (f) of this section, will be scheduled for
professional development. The professional development
conducted on these days will be consistent with the goals
established by the state board pursuant to the provisions
of section twenty-three-a, article two, chapter eighteen
of this code.

(k) Subject to the provisions of subsection (h) of this
section, all noninstructional days will be scheduled prior
to the eighth day of June.

149 (l) Except as otherwise provided in this subsection, the 150 state board may not schedule the primary statewide 151 assessment program prior to the fifteenth day of May of the instructional year, unless the state board determines 152that the nature of the test mandates an earlier testing 153 date. For the school year beginning two thousand three 154 only, the state board may not schedule the primary 155 156 statewide assessment program prior to the fifteenth day of April of the instructional year. 157

(m) If, on or after the first day of March, the county
board determines that it is not possible to complete one
hundred eighty separate days of instruction, the county
board shall schedule instruction on any available

162noninstructional day, regardless of the purpose for which 163 the day originally was scheduled, and the day will be 164 used for instruction: Provided, That the noninstructional days scheduled for professional development shall be the 165 last available noninstructional days to be rescheduled as 166 instructional days: Provided, however, That on or after 167 168 the first day in March, the county board also may require 169 additional minutes of instruction in the school day to 170 make up for lost instructional days in excess of the days 171 available through rescheduling and, if in its judgment it 172 is reasonable and necessary to improve student perfor-173mance, to avoid scheduling instruction on noninstruc-174 tional days previously scheduled for professional development. The provisions of this subsection do not apply 175176 to: (1) Holidays; and (2) election day.

177 (n) The following applies to bank time:

(1) Except as provided in subsection (m) of this section,
bank time may not be used to avoid one hundred eighty
separate days of instruction;

(2) Bank time may not be used to lengthen the timeprovided in law for faculty senates;

(3) The use of bank time for extracurricular activitieswill be limited by the state board; and

(4) Such other requirements or restrictions as the stateboard may provide in the rule required to be promul-gated by this section.

188 (o) The following applies to cocurricular activities:

189 (1) The state board shall determine what activities may190 be considered cocurricular;

(2) The state board shall determine the amount ofinstructional time that may be consumed by cocurricularactivities; and

(3) Such other requirements or restrictions as the stateboard may provide in the rule required to be promul-gated by this section.

197 (p) The following applies to extracurricular activities:

198 (1) Except as provided by subdivision (3) of this199 subsection, extracurricular activities may not be sched-200 uled during instructional time;

(2) The use of bank time for extracurricular activitieswill be limited by the state board; and

(3) The state board shall provide for the attendance by
students of certain activities sanctioned by the secondary
schools activities commission when those activities are
related to statewide tournaments or playoffs or are
programs required for secondary schools activities
commission approval.

(q) Noninstructional interruptions to the instructionalday shall be minimized to allow the classroom teacher toteach.

(r) Nothing in this section prohibits establishing year-round schools in accordance with rules to be establishedby the state board.

(s) Prior to implementing the school calendar, the
county board shall secure approval of its proposed
calendar from the state board or, if so designated by the
state board, from the state superintendent.

(t) The county board may contract with all or part ofthe personnel for a longer term.

(u) The minimum instructional term may be decreased
by order of the state superintendent in any county
declared a federal disaster area and where the event
causing the declaration is substantially related to a
reduction of instructional days.

(v) Where the employment term overlaps a teacher's or
service personnel's participation in a summer institute or
institution of higher education for the purpose of advancement or professional growth, the teacher or service
personnel may substitute, with the approval of the
county superintendent, the participation for up to five of
the noninstructional days of the employment term.

(w) The state board shall promulgate a rule in accordance with the provisions of article three-b, chapter
twenty-nine-a of this code for the purpose of implementing the provisions of this section.

### ARTICLE 5A. LOCAL SCHOOL INVOLVEMENT.

# §18-5A-2. Local school improvement councils; election.

(a) A local school improvement council shall be estab lished at every school consisting of the following:

3 (1) The principal, who shall serve as an ex officio4 member of the council and be entitled to vote;

5 (2) Three teachers elected by the faculty senate of the6 school;

7 (3) Two school service personnel elected by the school8 service personnel employed at the school;

9 (4) Three parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s) of students enrolled at the school elected by the parent(s), 10 guardian(s) or custodian(s) members of the school's 11 12parent teacher organization: Provided, That if there is no 13parent teacher organization, the parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s) members shall be elected by the parent(s), 14 guardian(s) or custodian(s) of students enrolled at the 15 school in such manner as may be determined by the 16principal; 17

(5) Two at-large members appointed by the principal,
one of whom resides in the school's attendance area and
one of whom represents business or industry, neither of

whom is eligible for membership under any of the otherelected classes of members;

(6) In the case of vocational-technical schools, the
vocational director: *Provided*, That if there is no vocational director, then the principal may appoint no more
than two additional representatives, one of whom
represents business and one of whom represents industry;

(7) In the case of a school with students in grade seven
or higher, the student body president or other student in
grade seven or higher elected by the student body in
those grades.

32 (b) Under no circumstances may more than one parent
33 member of the council be then employed at that school in
34 any capacity.

(c) The principal shall arrange for such elections to be
held prior to the fifteenth day of September of each
school year to elect a council and shall give notice of the
elections at least one week prior to the elections being
held. To the extent practicable, all elections to select
council members shall be held within the same week.

(d) Parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s), teachers and
service personnel elected to the council shall serve a twoyear term and elections shall be arranged in such a
manner that no more than two teachers, no more than
two parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s) and no more
than one service person are elected in a given year. All
other non-ex officio members shall serve one-year terms.

48 (e) Council members may only be replaced upon death, 49resignation, failure to appear at three consecutive 50 meetings of the council for which notice was given, or a 51change in personal circumstances so that the person is no 52longer representative of the class of members from which 53appointed. In the case of a vacancy in an elected membership, the chair of the council shall appoint another 54 qualified person to serve the unexpired term of the 55

person being replaced or, in the case of an appointed
member of the council, the principal shall appoint a
replacement as soon as practicable.

59 (f) As soon as practicable after the election of council 60 members, and no later than the first day of October of 61 each school year, the principal shall convene an organi-62 zational meeting of the school improvement council. The 63 principal shall notify each member in writing at least two employment days in advance of the organizational 64 meeting. At this meeting, the principal shall provide 65 each member with the following: 66

67 (1) A copy of the current applicable sections of this68 code;

69 (2) Any state board rule or regulation promulgated70 pursuant to the operation of these councils; and

(3) Any information as may be developed by the
department of education on the operation and powers of
local school improvement councils and their important
role in improving student and school performance and
progress.

76 (g) The council shall elect from its membership a chair and two members to assist the chair in setting the agenda 77 78 for each council meeting. The chair shall serve a term of 79 one year and no person may serve as chair for more than 80 two consecutive terms. If the chair's position becomes 81 vacant for any reason, the principal shall call a meeting 82 of the council to elect another qualified person to serve 83 the unexpired term. Once elected, the chair is responsible for notifying each member of the school improvement 84 85 council in writing two employment days in advance of 86 any council meeting.

(h) School improvement councils shall meet at least
once every nine weeks or equivalent grading period at
the call of the chair or by three fourths of its members.

90 (i) The local school improvement council shall meet at 91 least annually with the county board, in accordance with the provisions in section fourteen, article five of this 92chapter. At this annual meeting, the local school im-93 94 provement council chair, or another member designated by the chair, shall be prepared to address any matters as 95 96 may be requested by the county board as specified in the 97 meeting agenda provided to the council and may further 98 provide any other information, comments or suggestions 99 the local school improvement council wishes to bring to 100 the county board's attention. Anything presented under 101 this subsection shall be submitted to the county board in 102 writing.

103(j) School improvement councils shall be considered for the receipt of school of excellence awards under section 104 three of this article and competitive grant awards under 105 section twenty-nine, article two of this chapter and may 106 receive and expend such grants for the purposes pro-107 108 vided in such section. In any and all matters which may fall within the scope of both the school improvement 109 110 councils and the school curriculum teams authorized in section five of this article, the school curriculum teams 111 shall be deemed to have jurisdiction. In order to promote 112113 innovations and improvements in the environment for teaching and learning at the school, a school improve-114 115 ment council shall receive cooperation from the school in 116 implementing policies and programs it may adopt to:

(1) Encourage the involvement of parent(s), guardian(s)
or custodian(s) in their child's educational process and in
the school;

(2) Encourage businesses to provide time for their
employees who are parent(s), guardian(s) or custodian(s)
to meet with teachers concerning their child's education;

123 (3) Encourage advice and suggestions from the business124 community;

125 (4) Encourage school volunteer programs and126 mentorship programs; and

127 (5) Foster utilization of the school facilities and128 grounds for public community activities.

129(k) On or before the eighth day of June, one thousand nine hundred ninety-five, each local school improvement 130council shall develop and deliver a report to the 131 132countywide council on productive and safe schools. The 133report shall include guidelines for the instruction and 134 rehabilitation of pupils who have been excluded from the 135 classroom, suspended from the school or expelled from 136 the school, the description and recommendation of inschool suspension programs, a description of possible 137 138alternative settings, schedules for instruction and 139alternative education programs and an implementation schedule for such guidelines. The guidelines shall 140 include the following: 141

142 (1) A system to provide for effective communication
143 and coordination between school and local emergency
144 services agencies;

(2) A preventive discipline program which may include
the responsible students program devised by the West
Virginia board of education as adopted by the county
board of education, pursuant to the provisions of subsection (e), section one, article five, chapter eighteen-a of
this code; and

(3) A student involvement program, which may include
the peer mediation program or programs devised by the
West Virginia board of education as adopted by the
county board of education, pursuant to the provisions of
subsection (e), section one, article five, chapter eighteena of this code.

(1) The council may include in its report to the countywide council on productive and safe schools provisions
of the state board of education policy 4373, student code

160 of conduct, or any expansion of such policy which
161 increases the safety of students in schools in this state
162 and is consistent with the policies and other laws of this
163 state.

(m) Councils may adopt their own guidelines established under this section. In addition, the councils may
adopt all or any part of the guidelines proposed by other
local school improvement councils, as developed under
this section, which are not inconsistent with the laws of
this state, the policies of West Virginia board of education or the policies of the county board of education.

171 (n) The state board of education shall provide assis-172tance to a local school improvement council upon receipt 173of a reasonable request for that assistance. The state 174 board also may solicit proposals from other parties or 175entities to provide orientation training for local school 176 improvement council members and may enter into 177 contracts or agreements for that purpose. Any training 178 for members shall meet the guidelines established by the 179state board.

# §18-5A-5. Public school faculty senates established; election of officers; powers and duties.

1 (a) There is established at every public school in this 2 state a faculty senate which is comprised of all permanent, full-time professional educators employed at the 3 4 school who shall all be voting members. Professional educators, as used in this section, means professional 5 educators as defined in chapter eighteen-a of this code. 6 7 A quorum of more than one half of the voting members 8 of the faculty shall be present at any meeting of the 9 faculty senate at which official business is conducted. 10 Prior to the beginning of the instructional term each 11 year, but within the employment term, the principal shall convene a meeting of the faculty senate to elect a chair, 1213vice chair and secretary and discuss matters relevant to the beginning of the school year. The vice chair shall 14

preside at meetings when the chair is absent. Meetings 15 of the faculty senate shall be held during the times 16 17 provided in accordance with subdivision (12), subsection 18 (b) of this section as determined by the faculty senate. 19 Emergency meetings may be held during 20noninstructional time at the call of the chair or a majority of the voting members by petition submitted to the 2122chair and vice chair. An agenda of matters to be considered at a scheduled meeting of the faculty senate shall be 23available to the members at least two employment days 24 25prior to the meeting. For emergency meetings the agenda shall be available as soon as possible prior to the 2627meeting. The chair of the faculty senate may appoint 28such committees as may be desirable to study and submit recommendations to the full faculty senate, but the acts 29of the faculty senate shall be voted upon by the full body. 30

31 (b) In addition to any other powers and duties con-32 ferred by law, or authorized by policies adopted by the 33 state or county board of education or bylaws which may be adopted by the faculty senate not inconsistent with 34 law, the powers and duties listed in this subsection are 35 specifically reserved for the faculty senate. The intent of 36 37 these provisions is neither to restrict nor to require the activities of every faculty senate to the enumerated items 38 39 except as otherwise stated. Each faculty senate shall organize its activities as it deems most effective and 40 efficient based on school size, departmental structure 41 and other relevant factors. 42

43 (1) Each faculty senate shall control funds allocated to the school from legislative appropriations pursuant to 44 section nine, article nine-a of this chapter. From such 45 funds, each classroom teacher and librarian shall be 46 47 allotted fifty dollars for expenditure during the instructional year for academic materials, supplies or equip-48 49 ment which, in the judgment of the teacher or librarian, 50 will assist him or her in providing instruction in his or 51 her assigned academic subjects or shall be returned to

the faculty senate: Provided. That nothing contained 5253 herein prohibits the funds from being used for programs and materials that, in the opinion of the teacher, enhance 54 55 student behavior, increase academic achievement, improve self-esteem and address the problems of stu-56 dents at-risk. The remainder of funds shall be expended 57 for academic materials, supplies or equipment in accor-58 dance with a budget approved by the faculty senate. 59 60 Notwithstanding any other provisions of the law to the contrary, funds not expended in one school year are 61 62 available for expenditure in the next school year: Provided, however, That the amount of county funds bud-63 geted in a fiscal year may not be reduced throughout the 64 year as a result of the faculty appropriations in the same 65 fiscal year for such materials, supplies and equipment. 66 67 Accounts shall be maintained of the allocations and expenditures of such funds for the purpose of financial 68 audit. Academic materials, supplies or equipment shall 69 be interpreted broadly, but does not include materials, 70 71 supplies or equipment which will be used in or connected with interscholastic athletic events. 72

73 (2) A faculty senate may establish a process for faculty 74 members to interview new prospective professional 75 educators and paraprofessional employees at the school 76 and submit recommendations regarding employment to the principal, who may also make independent recom-77 mendations, for submission to the county superintendent: 78 79 Provided, That such process shall be chaired by the school principal and must permit the timely employment 80 of persons to perform necessary duties. 81

(3) A faculty senate may nominate teachers for recognition as outstanding teachers under state and local
teacher recognition programs and other personnel at the
school, including parents, for recognition under other
appropriate recognition programs and may establish
such programs for operation at the school.

(4) A faculty senate may submit recommendations to
the principal regarding the assignment scheduling of
secretaries, clerks, aides and paraprofessionals at the
school.

92 (5) A faculty senate may submit recommendations to
93 the principal regarding establishment of the master
94 curriculum schedule for the next ensuing school year.

95 (6) A faculty senate may establish a process for the
96 review and comment on sabbatical leave requests
97 submitted by employees at the school pursuant to section
98 eleven, article two of this chapter.

(7) Each faculty senate shall elect three faculty repre-sentatives to the local school improvement councilestablished pursuant to section two of this article.

(8) Each faculty senate may nominate a member for
election to the county staff development council pursuant to section eight, article three, chapter eighteen-a of
this code.

(9) Each faculty senate shall have an opportunity to
make recommendations on the selection of faculty to
serve as mentors for beginning teachers under beginning
teacher internship programs at the school.

110 (10) A faculty senate may solicit, accept and expend any grants, gifts, bequests, donations and any other 111 112 funds made available to the faculty senate: Provided, 113 That the faculty senate shall select a member who has 114 the duty of maintaining a record of all funds received 115 and expended by the faculty senate, which record shall 116 be kept in the school office and is subject to normal 117 auditing procedures.

(11) Any faculty senate may review the evaluation
procedure as conducted in their school to ascertain
whether the evaluations were conducted in accordance
with the written system required pursuant to section

122twelve, article two, chapter eighteen-a of this code and 123 the general intent of this Legislature regarding meaning-124 ful performance evaluations of school personnel. If a 125majority of members of the faculty senate determine that 126 such evaluations were not so conducted, they shall 127 submit a report in writing to the state board of educa-128 tion: Provided, That nothing herein creates any new right 129 of access to or review of any individual's evaluations.

130 (12) A local board shall provide to each faculty senate 131 a two-hour block of time for a faculty senate meeting on 132 a day scheduled for the opening of school prior to the 133 beginning of the instructional term, and a two-hour 134 block of time on each instructional support and enhance-135 ment day scheduled by the board for instructional 136 activities for students and professional activities for 137 teachers pursuant section forty-five, article five of this 138 chapter. A faculty senate may meet for an unlimited 139 block of time per month during noninstructional days to 140 discuss and plan strategies to improve student instruc-141 tion and to conduct other faculty senate business. A 142 faculty senate meeting scheduled on a noninstructional 143 day shall be considered as part of the purpose for which 144 the noninstructional day is scheduled. This time may be utilized and determined at the local school level and 145 146 includes, but is not limited to, faculty senate meetings.

147 (13) Each faculty senate shall develop a strategic plan to manage the integration of special needs students into 148 149 the regular classroom at their respective schools and 150 submit the strategic plan to the superintendent of the 151 county board of education periodically pursuant to 152guidelines developed by the state department of educa-153 tion. Each faculty senate shall encourage the participa-154 tion of local school improvement councils, parents and 155 the community at large in developing the strategic plan 156 for each school.

157 Each strategic plan developed by the faculty senate158 shall include at least: (A) A mission statement; (B) goals;

159 (C) needs; (D) objectives and activities to implement 160 plans relating to each goal; (E) work in progress to 161 implement the strategic plan; (F) guidelines for placing additional staff into integrated classrooms to meet the 162163 needs of exceptional needs students without diminishing 164 the services rendered to the other students in integrated 165 classrooms; (G) guidelines for implementation of collabo-166 rative planning and instruction; and (H) training for all 167 regular classroom teachers who serve students with exceptional needs in integrated classrooms. 168

# ARTICLE 8. COMPULSORY SCHOOL ATTENDANCE.

# §18-8-4. Duties of attendance director and assistant directors; complaints, warrants and hearings.

1 (a) The county attendance director and the assistants 2 shall diligently promote regular school attendance. They 3 shall ascertain reasons for inexcusable absences from 4 school of pupils of compulsory school age and students 5 who remain enrolled beyond the sixteenth birthday as defined under this article and shall take such steps as 6 are, in their discretion, best calculated to correct atti-7 8 tudes of parents and pupils which results in absences 9 from school even though not clearly in violation of law.

10 (b) In the case of five consecutive or ten total unexcused absences of a child during a school year, the 11 12attendance director or assistant shall serve written 13 notice to the parent, guardian or custodian of such child that the attendance of such child at school is required 14 15 and that within ten days of receipt of the notice the parent, guardian or custodian, accompanied by the child, 16 shall report in person to the school the child attends for 17 a conference with the principal or other designated 18 representative of the school in order to discuss and 19 correct the circumstances causing the inexcusable 20absences of the child; and if the parent, guardian or 21 22 custodian does not comply with the provisions of this article, then the attendance director or assistant shall 23

24make complaint against the parent, guardian or custo-25dian before a magistrate of the county. If it appears 26from the complaint that there is probable cause to 27believe that an offense has been committed and that the accused has committed it, a summons or a warrant for 28 29 the arrest of the accused shall issue to any officer autho-30 rized by law to serve the summons or to arrest persons charged with offenses against the state. More than one 31summons or warrant may be issued on the same com-32 The summons or warrant shall be executed 33 plaint. 34 within ten days of its issuance.

35 (c) The magistrate court clerk, or the clerk of the circuit court performing the duties of the magistrate 36 37 court as authorized in section eight, article one, chapter fifty of this code, shall assign the case to a magistrate 38 39 within ten days of execution of the summons or warrant. The hearing shall be held within twenty days of the 40 assignment to the magistrate, subject to lawful continu-41 42ance. The magistrate shall provide to the accused at least ten days' advance notice of the date, time and place 43 44 of the hearing.

45 (d) When any doubt exists as to the age of a child 46 absent from school, the attendance director shall have authority to require a properly attested birth certificate 47 48 or an affidavit from the parent, guardian or custodian of 49 such child, stating age of the child. The county atten-50 dance director or assistant shall, in the performance of 51 his or her duties, have authority to take without warrant any child absent from school in violation of the provi-52sions of this article and to place such child in the school 53in which such child is or should be enrolled. 54

(e) The county attendance director shall devote such
time as is required by section three of this article to the
duties of attendance director in accordance with this
section during the instructional term and at such other
times as the duties of an attendance director are required. All attendance directors hired for more than two

hundred days may be assigned other duties determined
by the superintendent during the period in excess of two
hundred days. The county attendance director shall be
responsible under direction of the county superintendent
for the efficient administration of school attendance in
the county.

(f) In addition to those duties directly relating to the
administration of attendance, the county attendance
director and assistant directors shall also perform the
following duties:

(1) Assist in directing the taking of the school census to
see that it is taken at the time and in the manner provided by law;

(2) Confer with principals and teachers on the comparison of school census and enrollment for the detection of
possible nonenrollees;

(3) Cooperate with existing state and federal agenciescharged with enforcement of child labor laws;

79 (4) Prepare a report for submission by the county 80 superintendent to the state superintendent of schools on school attendance, at such times and in such detail as 81 82 may be required. The state board shall promulgate a legislative rule pursuant to article three-b, chapter 83 84 twenty-nine-a of this code that sets forth student absences that shall be excluded for accountability pur-85 poses. The absences that shall be excluded by the rule 86 shall include, but not be limited to, excused student 87 absences, students not in attendance due to disciplinary 88 measures and absent students for whom the attendance 89 director has pursued judicial remedies to compel atten-90 dance to the extent of his or her authority. The atten-91 dance director shall file with the county superintendent 92 and county board of education at the close of each month 93 94 a report showing activities of the school attendance office and the status of attendance in the county at the 95 96 time:

97 (5) Promote attendance in the county by the compila98 tion of data for schools and by furnishing suggestions
99 and recommendations for publication through school
100 bulletins and the press, or in such manner as the county
101 superintendent may direct;
102 (6) Participate in school teachers' conferences with

103 parents and students;

104 (7) Assist in such other ways as the county superinten-105 dent may direct for improving school attendance;

(8) Make home visits of students who have excessive
unexcused absences, as provided above, or if requested
by the chief administrator, principal or assistant principal; and

110 (9) Serve as the liaison for homeless children and youth.

The Joint Committee on Enrolled Bills hereby certifies that the foregoing bill is correctly enrolled.

barr Chairman Senate Committee

han Spe Chairman House Committee

Originated in the Senate.

To take effect July 1, 2003.

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Clerk of the Senate

Clerk of the House of Delegates

President of the Senate

Speaker House of Delegates

 $\cap \mathcal{A}$ UQ( The within  $\sqrt{\Omega}$ ..... this the 💭 Day of ..... .,2003. Governor



PRESENTED TO THE GOVERNOR Data 3/27/03 Timo 101/000